

## General Guidelines for Collecting Samples and Forwarding Swabs to DNA

### A. PURPOSE:

To provide general guidelines for the collection of touch, wearer and body fluid type samples. To also provide general guidelines for forwarding samples for DNA analysis.

### B. RESPONSIBILITY:

Forensic Science Examiners from the Connecticut State Forensic Science Laboratory who have been trained in the discipline of physical evidence examination according to SOP-FB-31 (Training Manual) and SOP-GL-4 (LIMS/Justice Trax).

### C. PROCEDURE:

#### THE FOLLOWING SHOULD BE NOTED:

This information is a general guideline for the collection of evidence for DNA testing. A trained analyst should always use their judgement and experience when examining evidence. The analyst should always take into account the type, condition, and quantity of the evidence being examined.

1. If you have a reasonable expectation that more sample remains on the item and could be collected in the future, then there is no consumption issue.
2. When more than one swab is used to collect a sample, the swabs will be collected simultaneously.
3. If blood is also present, then collect the sample accordingly.

#### EVIDENCE PREVIOUSLY EXAMINED by the LATENT PRINT SECTION

1. If the Latent Print Section has designated an area (i.e. 'LP1') on an item of evidence, a sample from this area may be collected **only** after consulting with the Latent Print examiner to determine if it is acceptable and appropriate.
2. Once this has been determined and documented, collect a sample from the designated area using one swab. If there is more than one designated area, it is the discretion of the examiner to collect each area separately using one swab or to collect multiple areas simultaneously using 1 or 2 swabs.

- C. 3. Each case will be evaluated to determine which of these samples, if necessary, should be forwarded for DNA analysis.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

## **GUNS**

Note: If the gun has been super glued, swab vigorously when collecting the sample to penetrate beneath the super glue layer.

1. Lesser Crimes (illegal possession/shots fired/weapons charge/found gun)

- A. Small gun (hand gun, revolver etc.)

Collect one sample from the entire gun using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

If necessary, collect a sample from the trigger separately using one swab (don't send initially).

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

- B. Large gun (rifle, shotgun etc.)

Collect one sample from the entire gun using three swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one-and-a-half swabs to DNA.

If necessary, collect a sample from the trigger separately using one swab (don't send initially).

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

2. Serious Crimes (homicides/assaults/shooting with injury)

- A. Small gun (hand gun, revolver etc.): Collect a sample from each area using one or two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

Send the sample(s) from the appropriate area(s) to DNA according to the case scenario.

- C. 2. B. Large gun (rifle, shotgun etc.): Collect a sample from each area using one or two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

- C. Unfired Cartridge: Collect a sample using one swab. If multiple cartridges are submitted, collect one sample from all cartridges using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

Note: If there is case information that an individual picked up a fired cartridge casing then swab as above. If there is no information to this effect then do not swab the fired cartridge casing.

- D. Magazine: Collect a sample using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

For additional information, please refer to the Work Instructions for the Documentation and Collection of DNA Samples from Firearm Evidence in SOP-FB-31 (Training Manual).

## **KNIVES**

1. If there is a designated latent print area, please follow the instructions in the section Evidence Previously Examined by the Latent Print Section prior to sample collection.
2. Collect a sample from the handle area using one or two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

3. If requested or necessary, collect a sample from the blade area using one or two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

### C. UNDERPANTS

Collect samples from each area according to the case scenario using two swabs:

- a. One sample from exterior hip and waistband areas.
- b. One sample from interior front panel and crotch areas.
- c. One sample from interior back panel and crotch areas.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

### WEARER

1. Collar: Collect a sample from the interior collar using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

Optional: Collect one sample from both interior sleeve cuffs using two swabs.

Don't send to DNA initially but retain.

2. Hat: Collect a sample from the interior rim using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

Optional: Collect a sample from the brim using two swabs.

Don't send to DNA initially but retain.

### CIGARETTE BUTTS/BLUNTS

1. Collect the entire filter end of a cigarette butt and send an  $\square 1/8''-3/16''$  ( $\square 0.3\text{cm}-0.5\text{cm}$ ) length of the un-burnt end to DNA.
2. Collect the same amount from a Blunt (include any flattened area of the un-burnt end). Remove any tobacco-type material from the interior if possible and return with blunt.

**PAPER** (notes, cards, calendar sheets etc.)

1. If there is a designated latent print area, please follow the instructions in the section Evidence Previously Examined by the Latent Print Section prior to sample collection.
2. If requested or necessary, collect a sample from the remaining paper surfaces using two swabs.  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send two swabs to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): Send two swabs to DNA (**consumption issue**).
- C. 3. If there are no designated latent print areas, collect a sample from the paper surfaces using two swabs.  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send two swabs to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): Send two swabs to DNA (**consumption issue**).

**ENVELOPES**

1. If there is a designated latent print area, please follow the instructions in the section Evidence Previously Examined by the Latent Print Section prior to sample collection.
2. Steam open the adhesive area of the flap. Use forceps to pry open the flap as needed. Collect a sample from the adhesive area using one or two swabs. Use the same method for self-adhesive envelopes.  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).
3. If there is a stamp on the envelope apply steam and pry it off. Collect a sample from the adhesive side using one swab. Don't send to DNA initially but retain.

**BOTTLES/CANS**

1. If there is a designated latent print area, please follow the instructions in the section Evidence Previously Examined by the Latent Print Section prior to sample collection.
2. Collect a sample using two swabs from the exterior mouth opening and interior cap if present.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

3. If requested or necessary, collect a sample from the exterior body area of the bottle or can using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

4. If multiple bottles/cans are submitted for one case, then collect samples from only the mouth and cap area of each bottle/cans (individually).

### **C. BLOODSTAINS**

1. Heavy bloodstain swab: Send half of the swab to DNA.
2. Light bloodstain swab:  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).
3. If the case scenario indicates that a sample collected by the submitting agency was previously treated with a field test, then send the swab directly to DNA without serological testing.

### **SEXUAL ASSAULT CASES**

1. If 2+/3+/4+ sperm  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): If more than one swab remains, send one swab to DNA.  
If one swab remains, send the swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).
2. If 1+ sperm or (+) RSID-Semen/(+) p30  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send up to three swabs to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): If more than three swabs remain, send three swabs to DNA.  
If three or less swabs remain, send up to three swabs to DNA (**consumption issue**).

## CONDOMS

1. If the interior or exterior is positive for AP, collect a sample from the interior and/or exterior (separately) using four swabs. If visible material (strong positive AP) remains on the interior or exterior of the condom then the examiner may collect more than four swabs.

If 2+/3+/4+ sperm

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

If 1+ sperm or (+) RSID-Semen/(+) p30

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send three swabs to DNA.

Note: Evaluate test results to determine if there may be a consumption issue.

If (-) semen

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send three swabs to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send three swabs to DNA (**consumption issue**).

- C. 2. If the interior or exterior is negative for AP, collect a sample from the interior and/or exterior (separately) using two swabs.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send what you collected to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send what you collected to DNA (**consumption issue**).

## SALIVA (Amylase)

1. If (+)/weak (+) Amylase:  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send all remaining swabs (up to three) to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): Send all remaining swabs (up to three) to DNA (**consumption issue**).
2. If strong (+) Amylase:  
No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.  
Suspect (arrested): If more than one swab remains, send one swab to DNA.  
If one swab remains, send the swab to DNA (**consumption issue**)

### **FINGERNAIL SCRAPINGS/CLIPPINGS**

1. Before collecting a sample, visually or microscopically inspect the submission for any tissue-like material, blood-like stains or debris. If a microscopical examination was conducted, record on the appropriate Quality Record Worksheet.
2. To collect the best sample, swab the tip end of the nail fragment and avoid the nail bed area.
3. If a microscopical examination is conducted and no Forensic Biology report is generated, then DNA will address in their report.
4. Fingernail scrapings/clippings may be submitted to the Laboratory as follows: a sample collected from each finger and packaged separately, samples collected from each hand and packaged separately or a sample collected from each finger and packaged together.

a. Fingernail scrapings/clippings packaged separately:

Collect a sample using one swab from each scraping/clipping (separately). Include tissue-like material, blood-like stains or debris if present.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).

C. 4. b. Left and right hand samples packaged separately:

aa. If no tissue-like materials or blood-like stains are present, collect a sample from the entire contents of each package using one swab.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).

bb. Nail fragments containing tissue-like material and/or blood-like stains should be collected separately from nail fragments without tissue-like material or blood-like stains using one swab for each.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).

cc. If there is a large quantity of tissue-like material or blood-like stains present, then collect a portion of the material/stains using one swab and retain the remaining contents.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

c. All fingernail scrapings/clippings packaged together:

aa. If no tissue-like materials or blood-like stains are present, collect a sample from the entire contents of the package using one swab.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).

bb. Nail fragments containing tissue-like material and/or blood-like stains should be collected separately from nail fragments without tissue-like material or blood-like stains using one swab for each.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest): Send one swab to DNA.

Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA (**consumption issue**).

cc. If there is a large quantity of tissue-like material or blood-like stains present, then collect a portion of the material/stains using one swab and retain the remaining contents.

No Suspect/Suspect (no arrest)/Suspect (arrested): Send one swab to DNA.

5. Forward appropriate samples to DNA according to the case scenario and the Forensic Biology results.